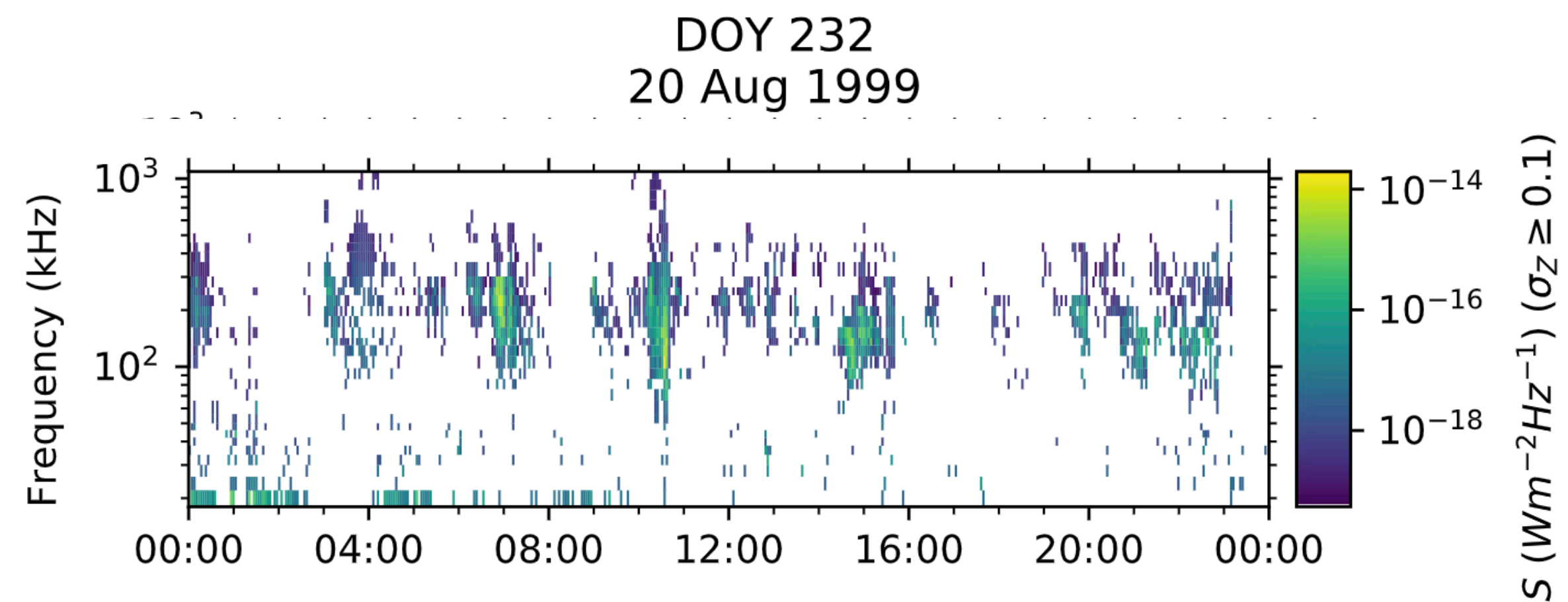
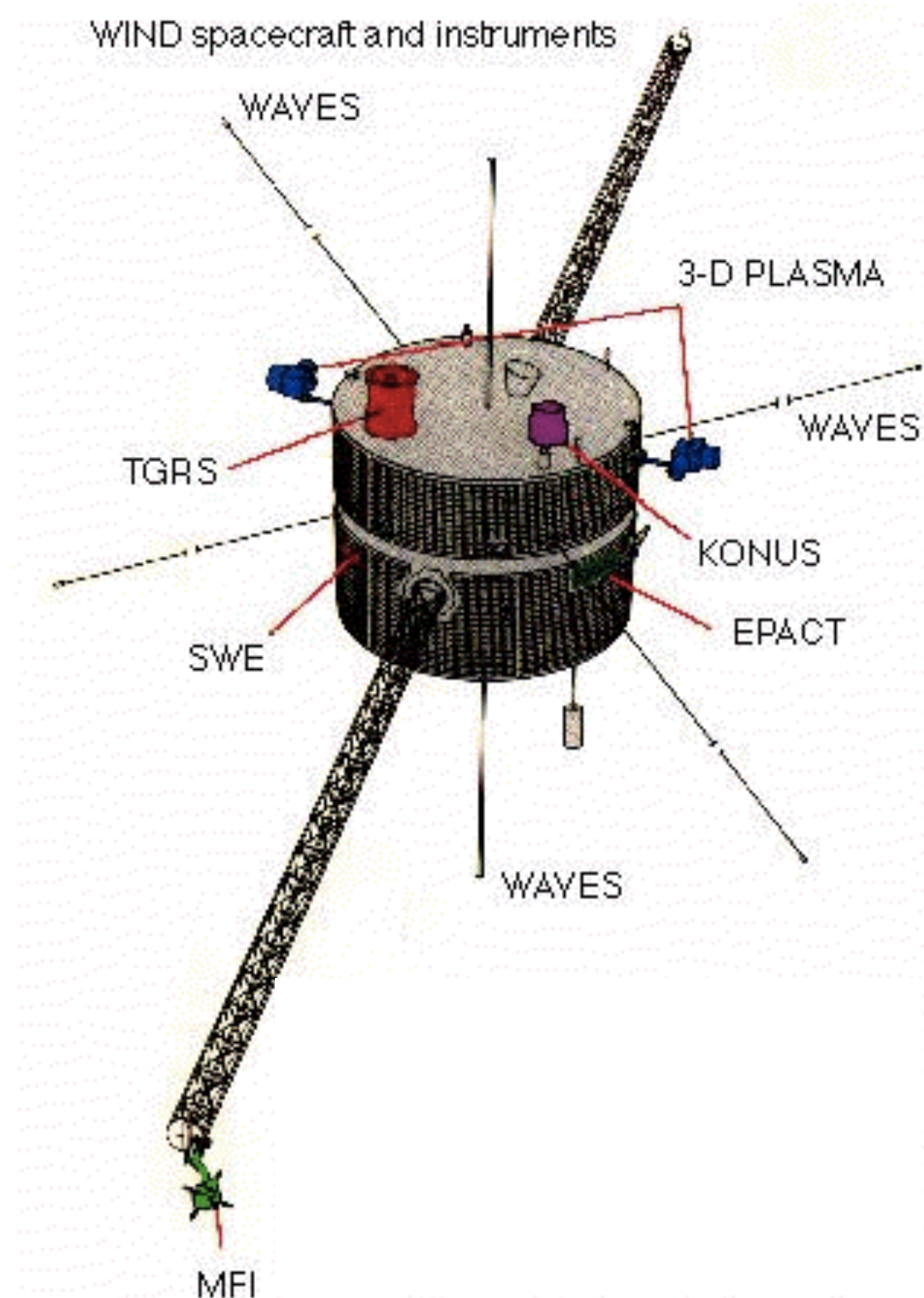


Using novel multi-point observations to study the auroral acceleration region at substorm onset

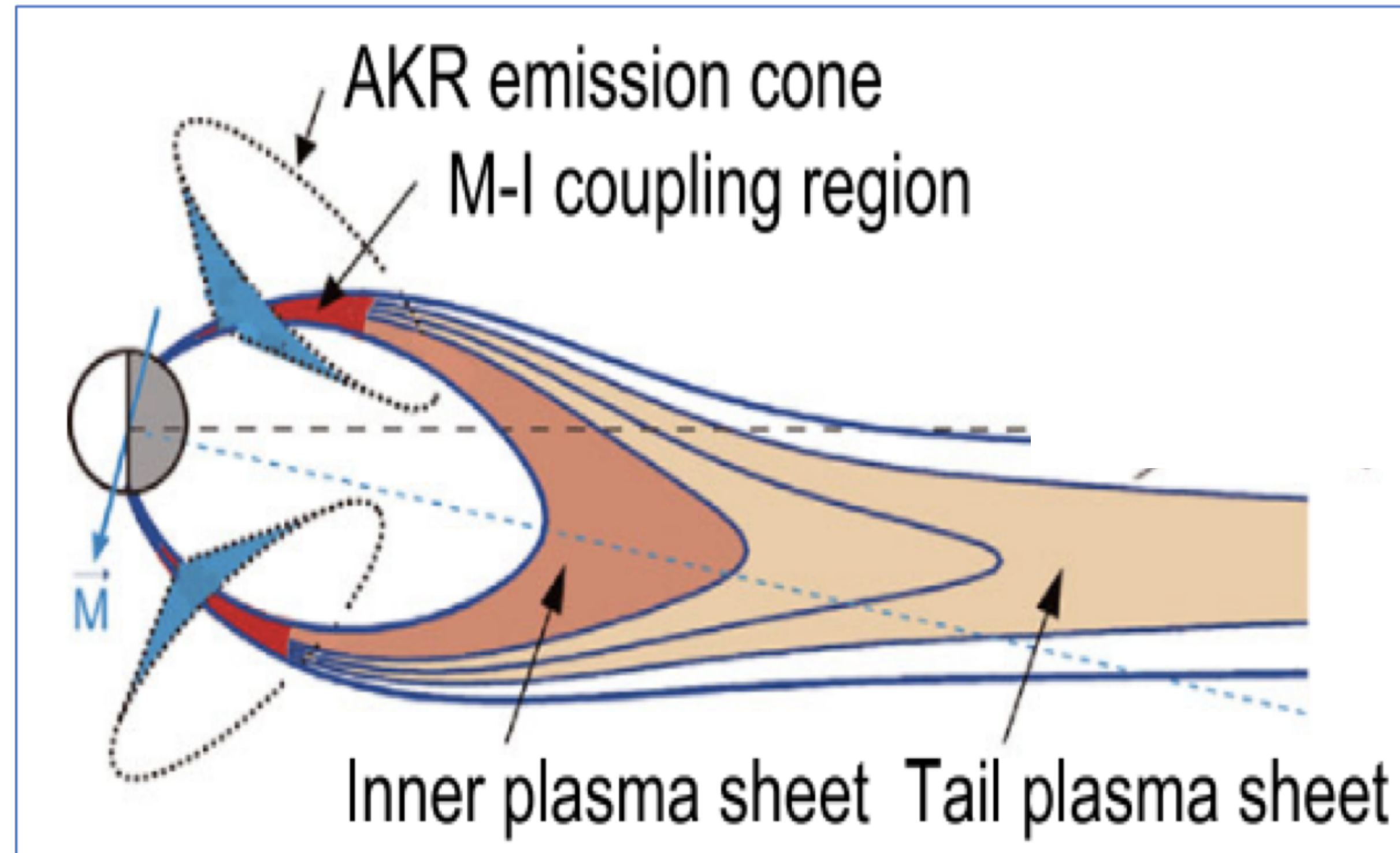
J. E. Waters, C. M. Jackman, D. K. Whiter, A. R. Fogg, L. Lamy, J. A. Carter, J. C. Coxon, L. Fryer, C. K. Louis, L. J. Paxton, C. Briand, B. Cecconi, K. Issautier, X. Bonnin, and P. Gallagher



Colloque PNST 2024
9-12 Jan, Marseille, France

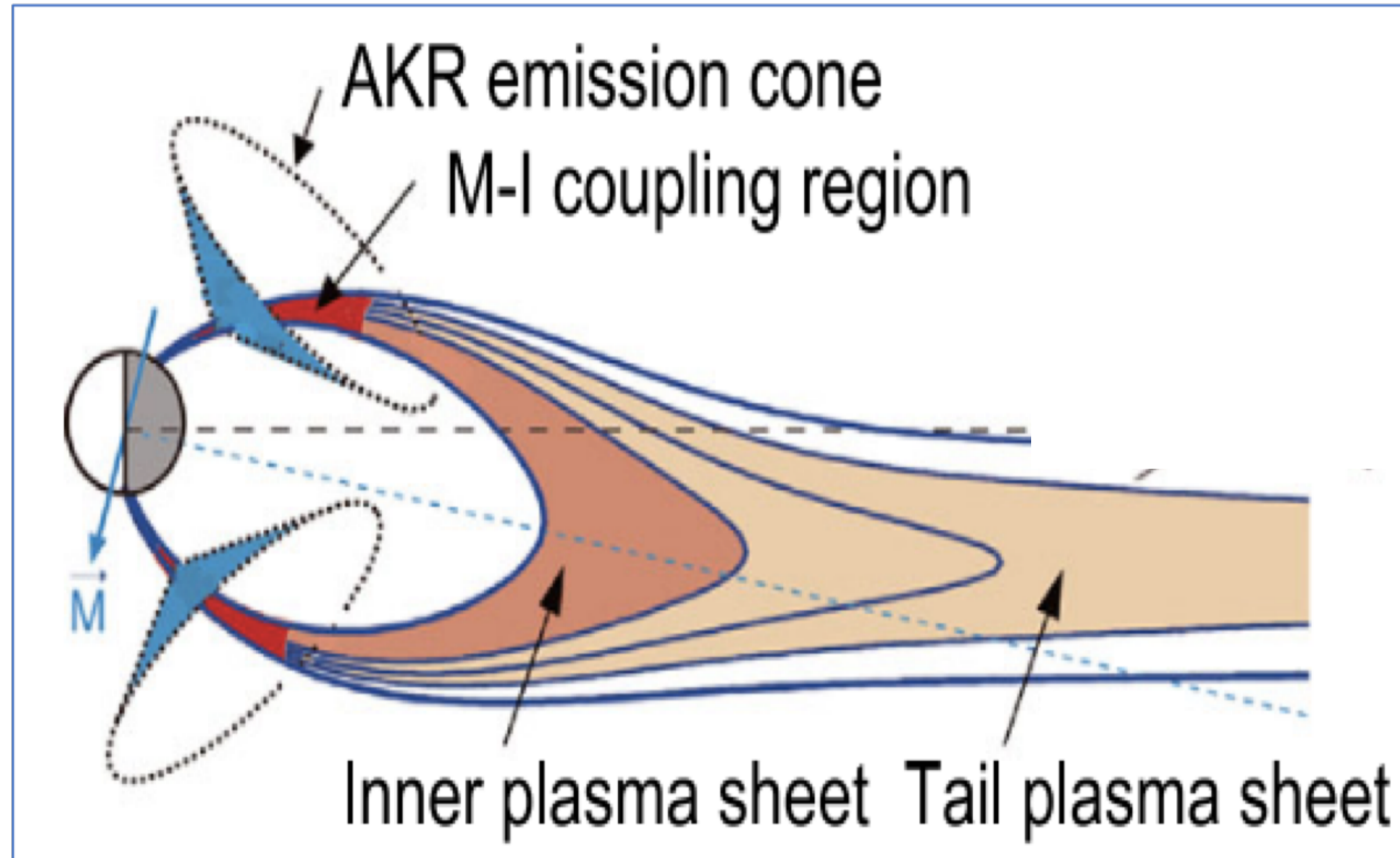


Auroral kilometric radiation - Remotely observing the auroral acceleration region

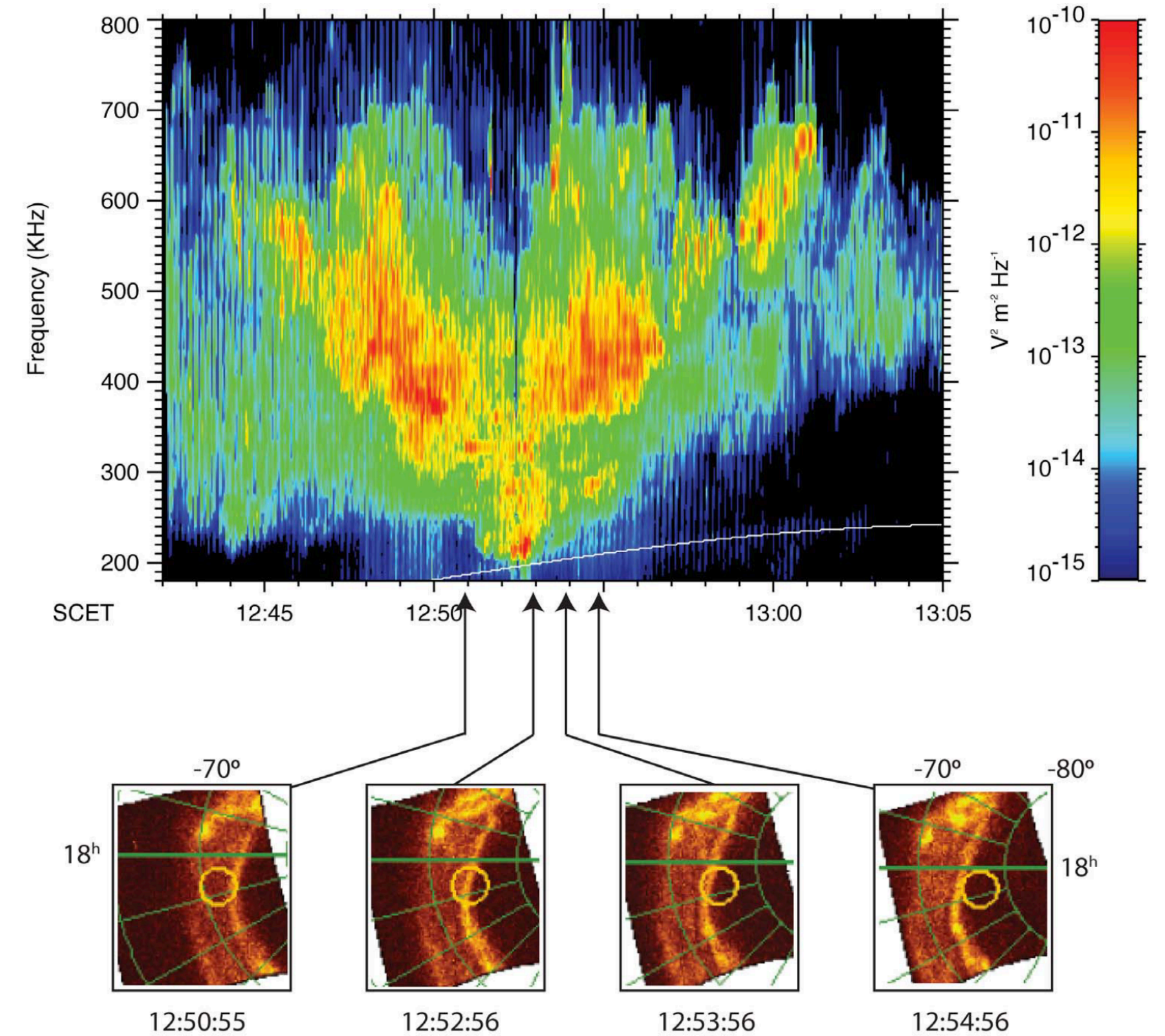


Morioka+ 2013

Auroral kilometric radiation - Remotely observing the auroral acceleration region

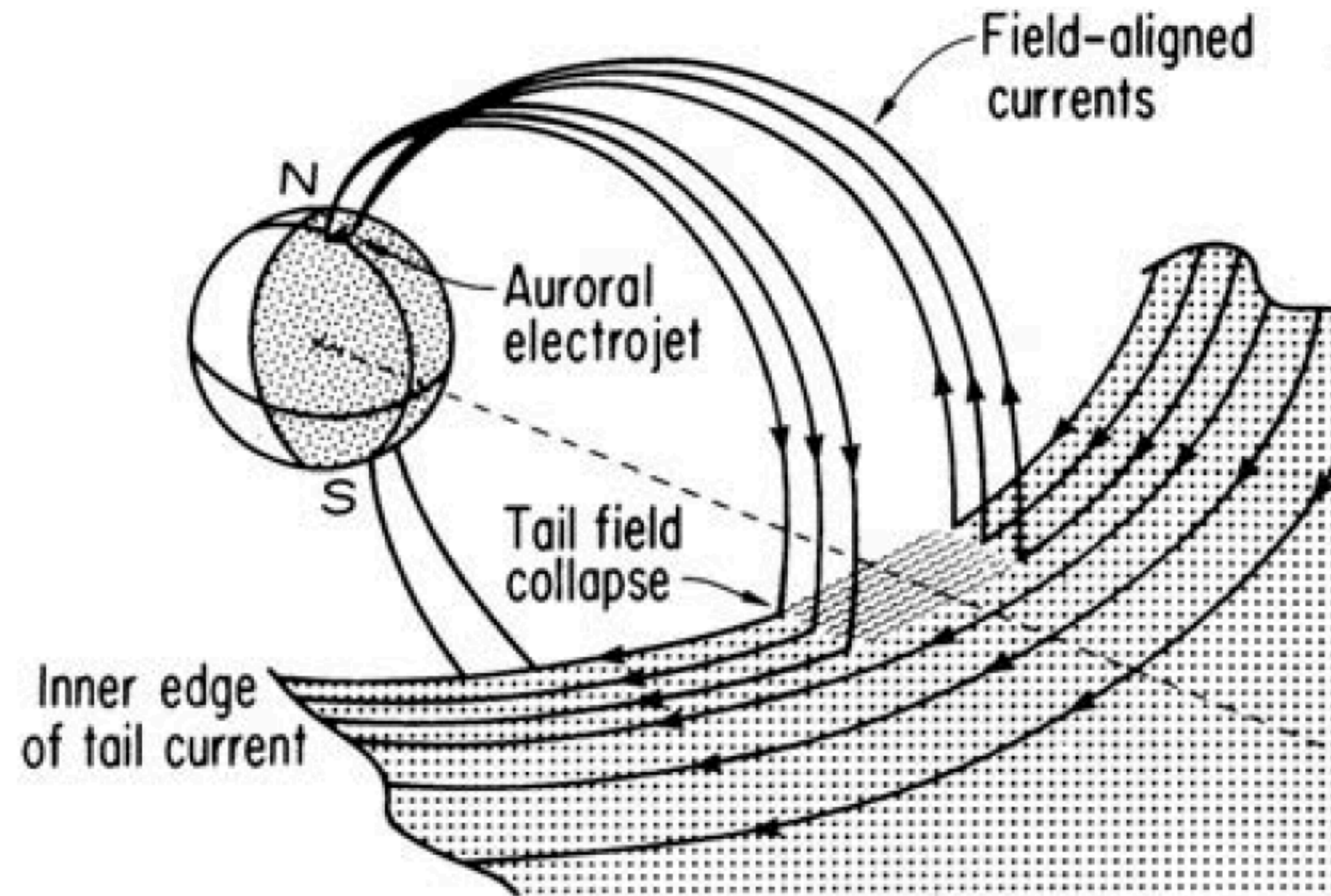


Morioka+ 2013

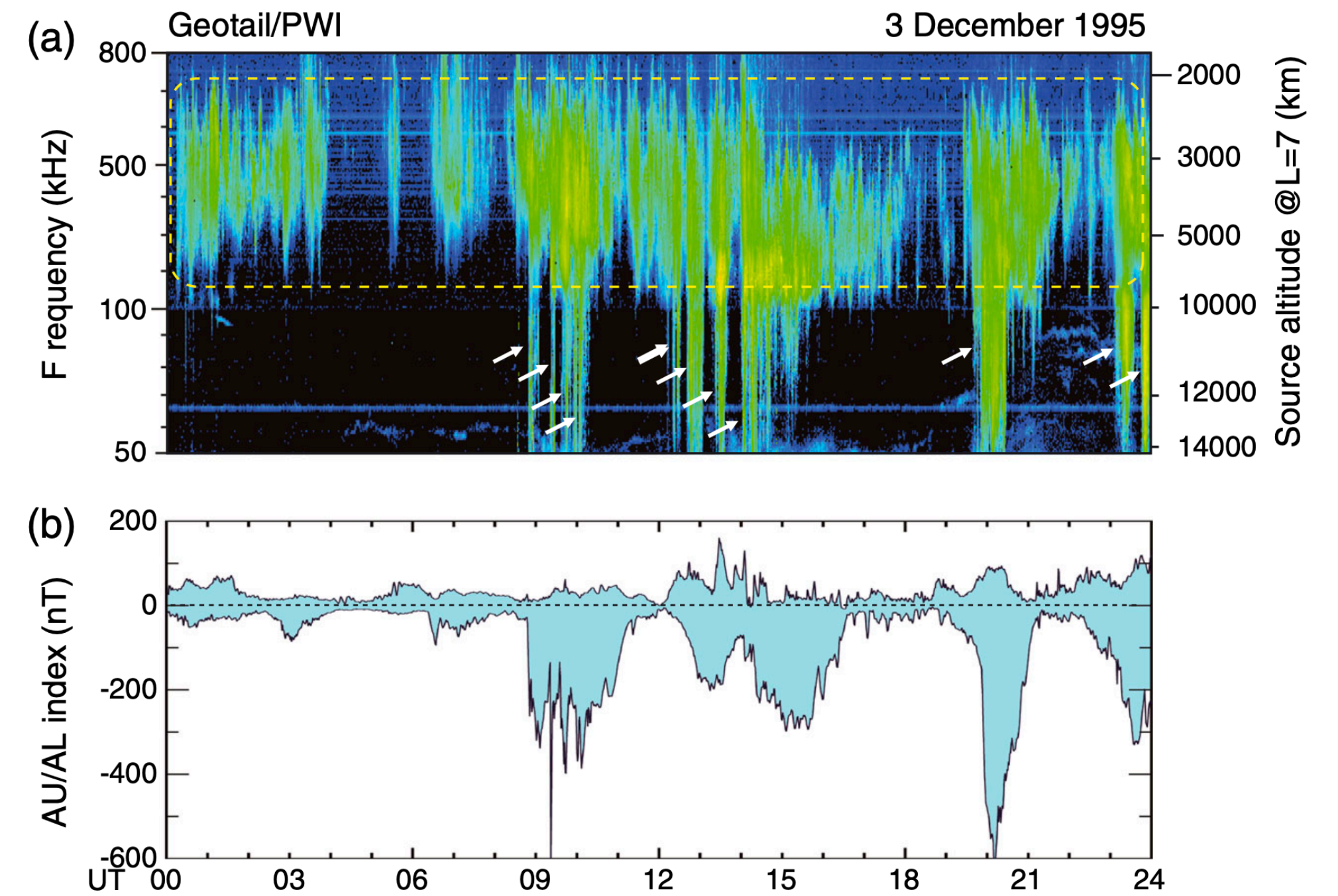
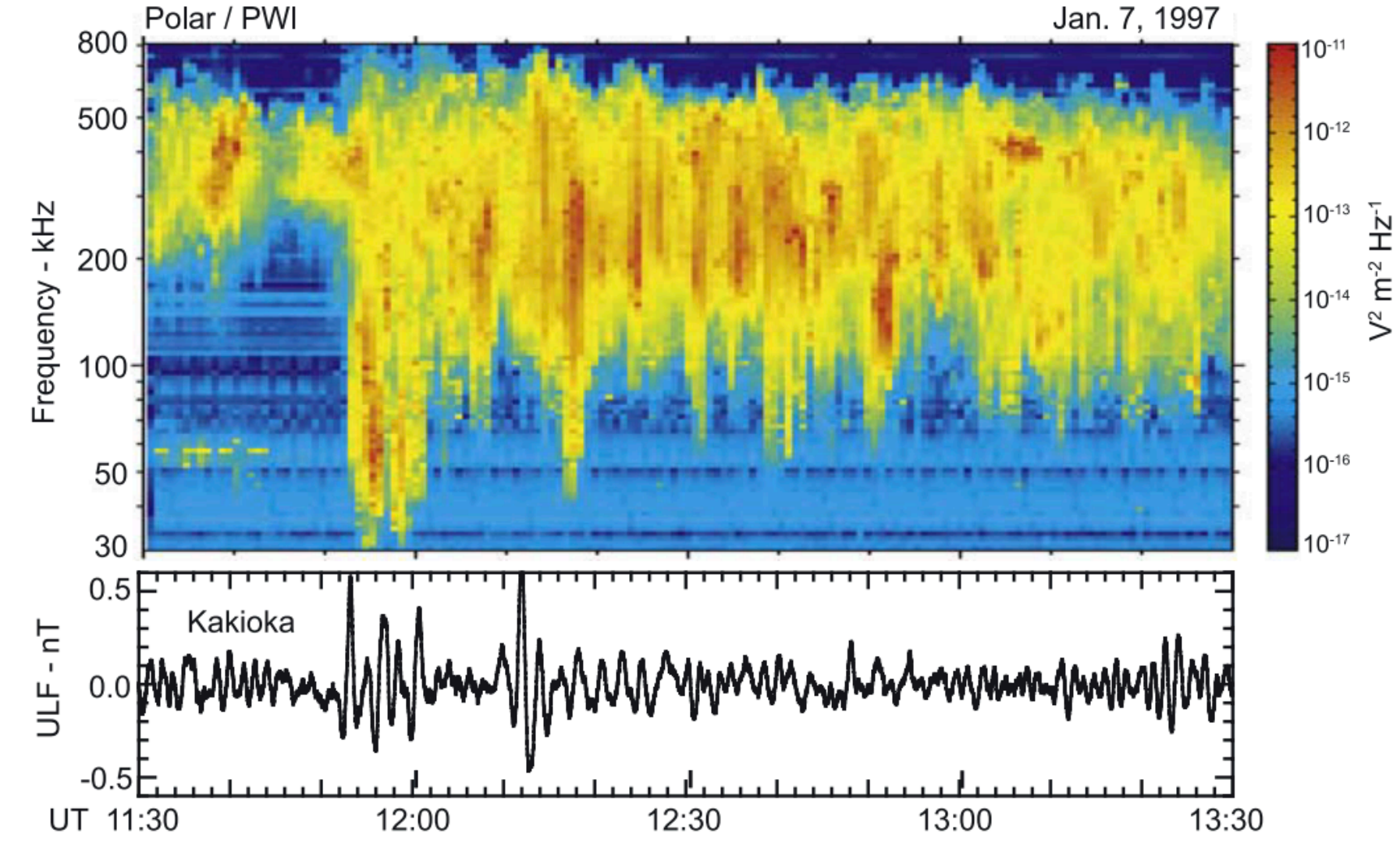
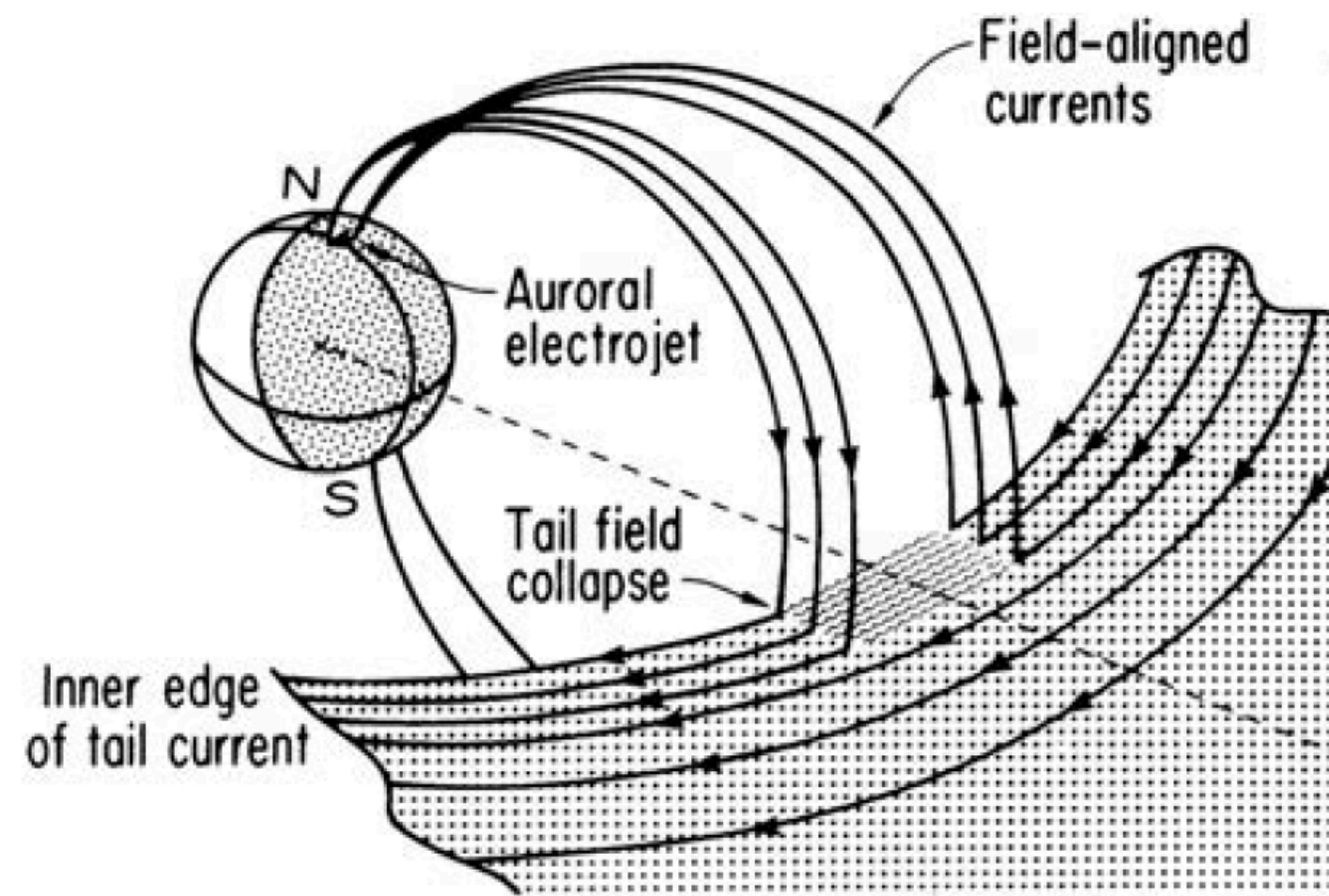


Menietti+ 2011

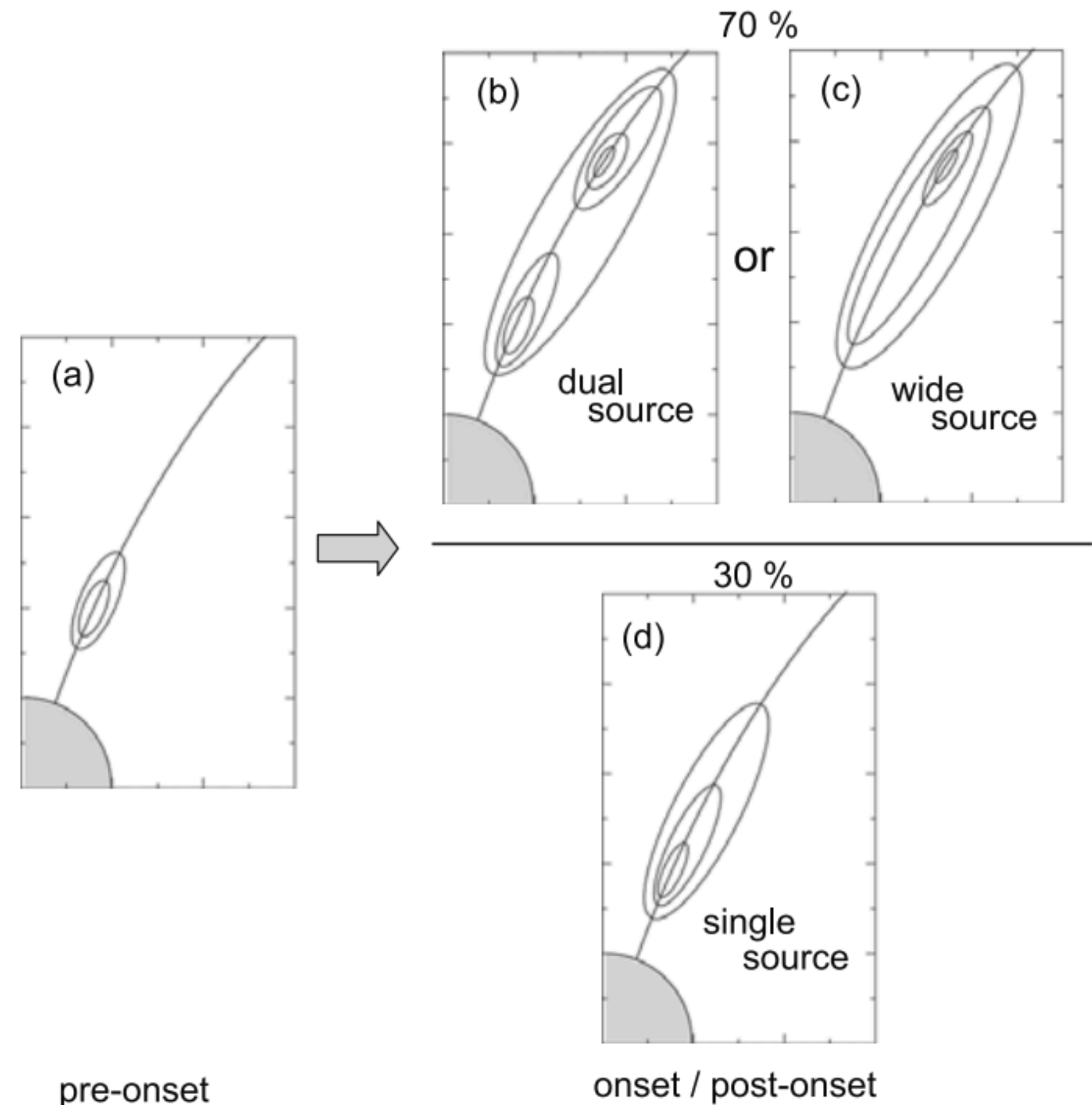
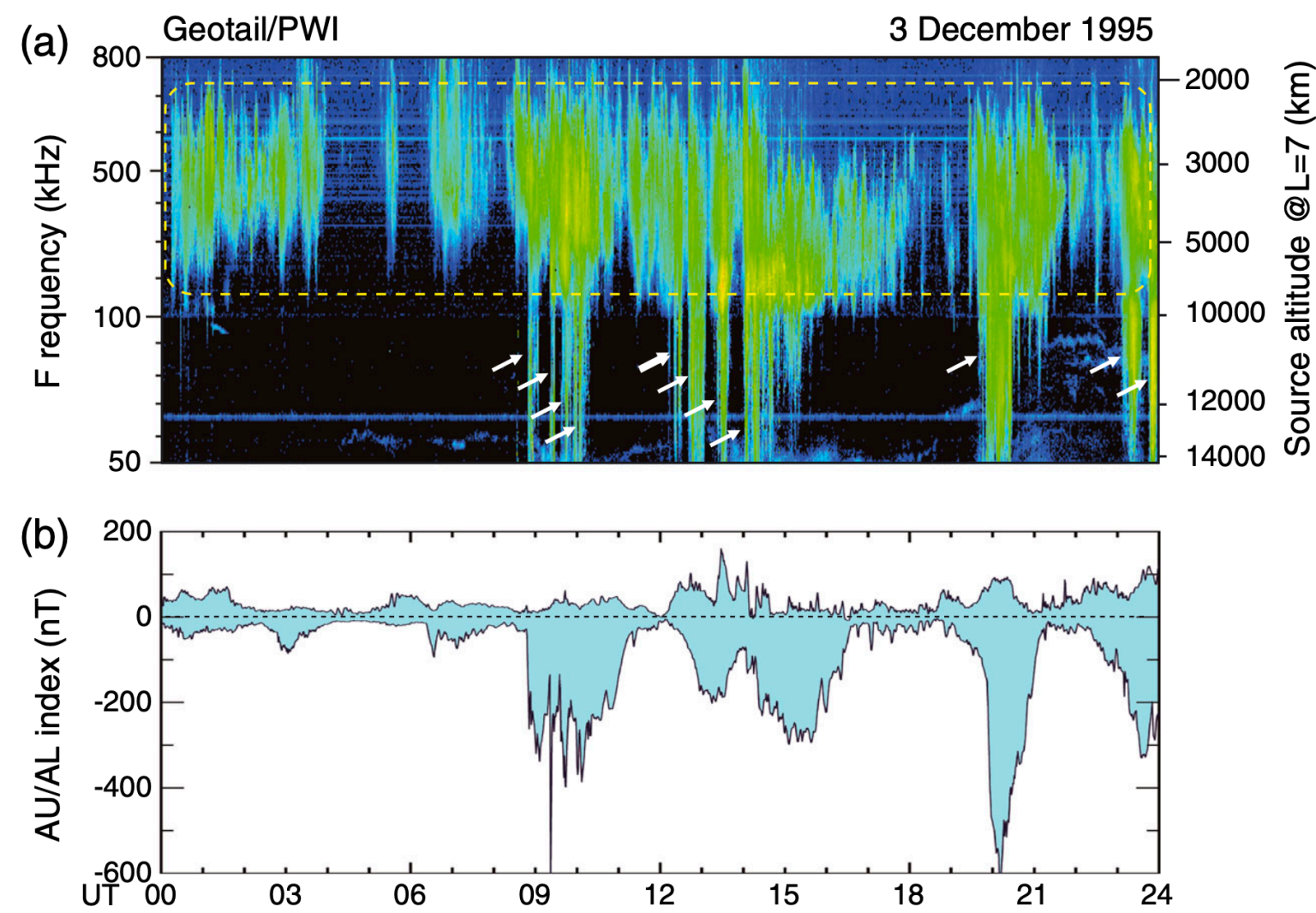
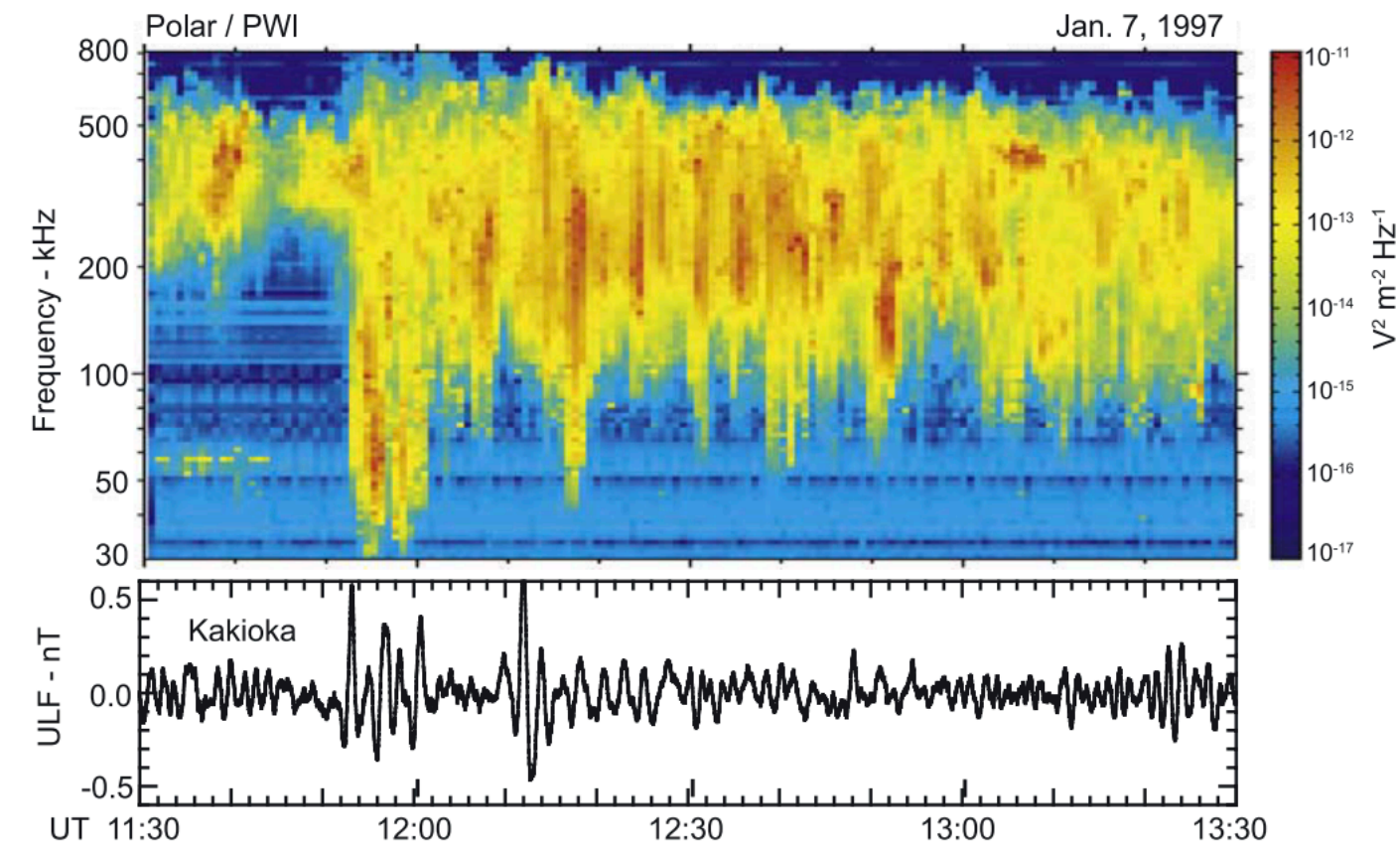
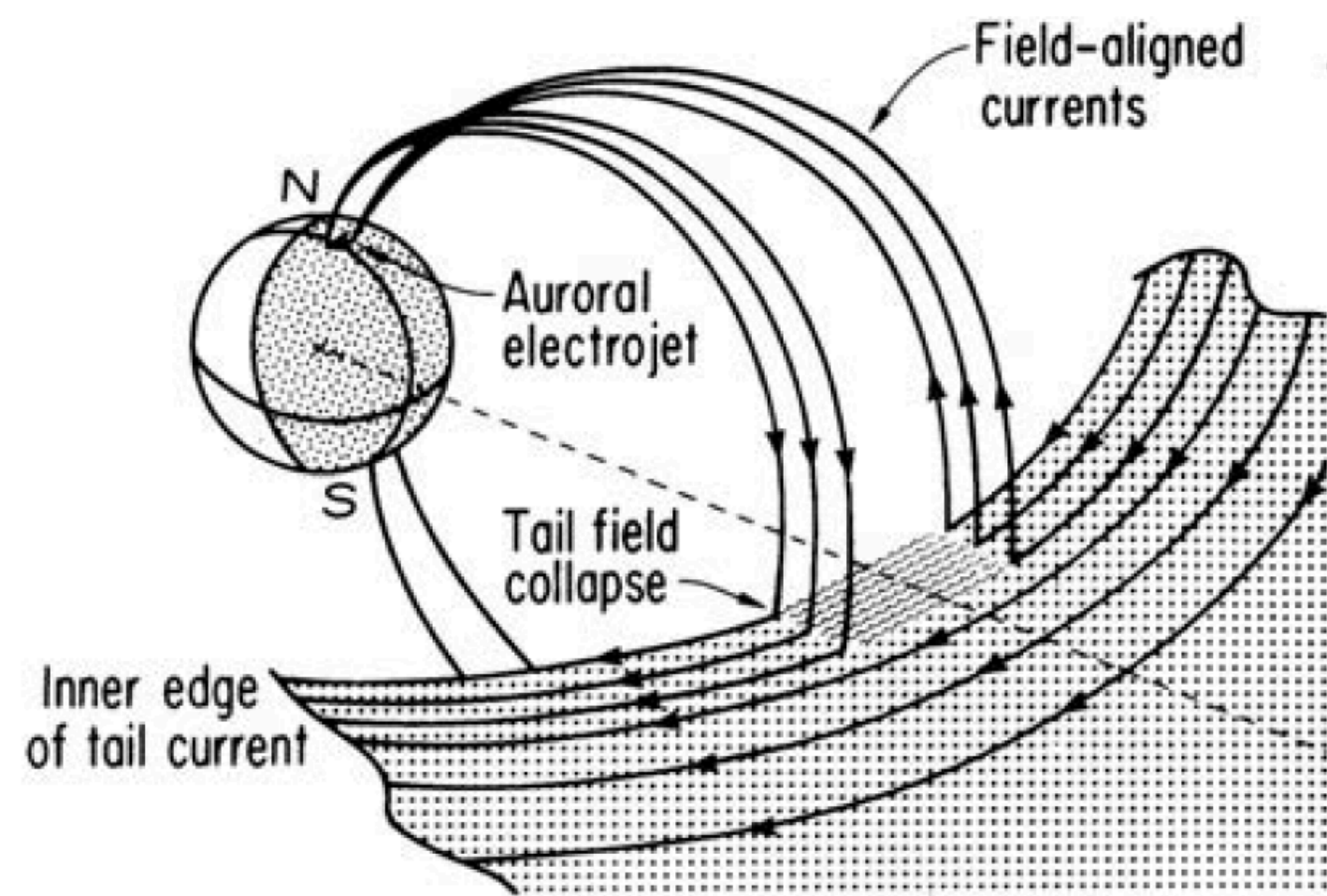
Auroral kilometric radiation and substorms



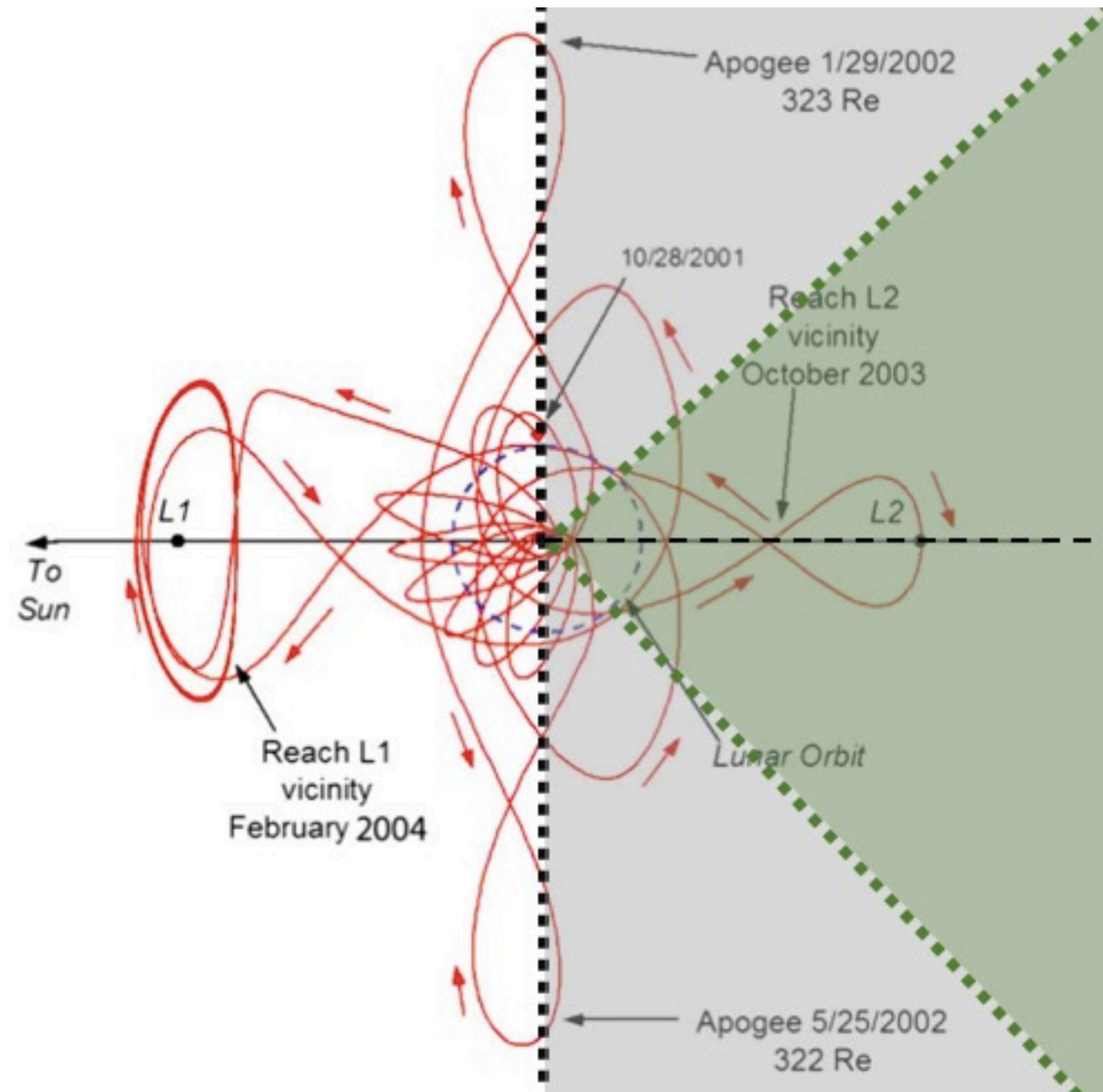
Auroral kilometric radiation and substorms



Auroral kilometric radiation and substorms

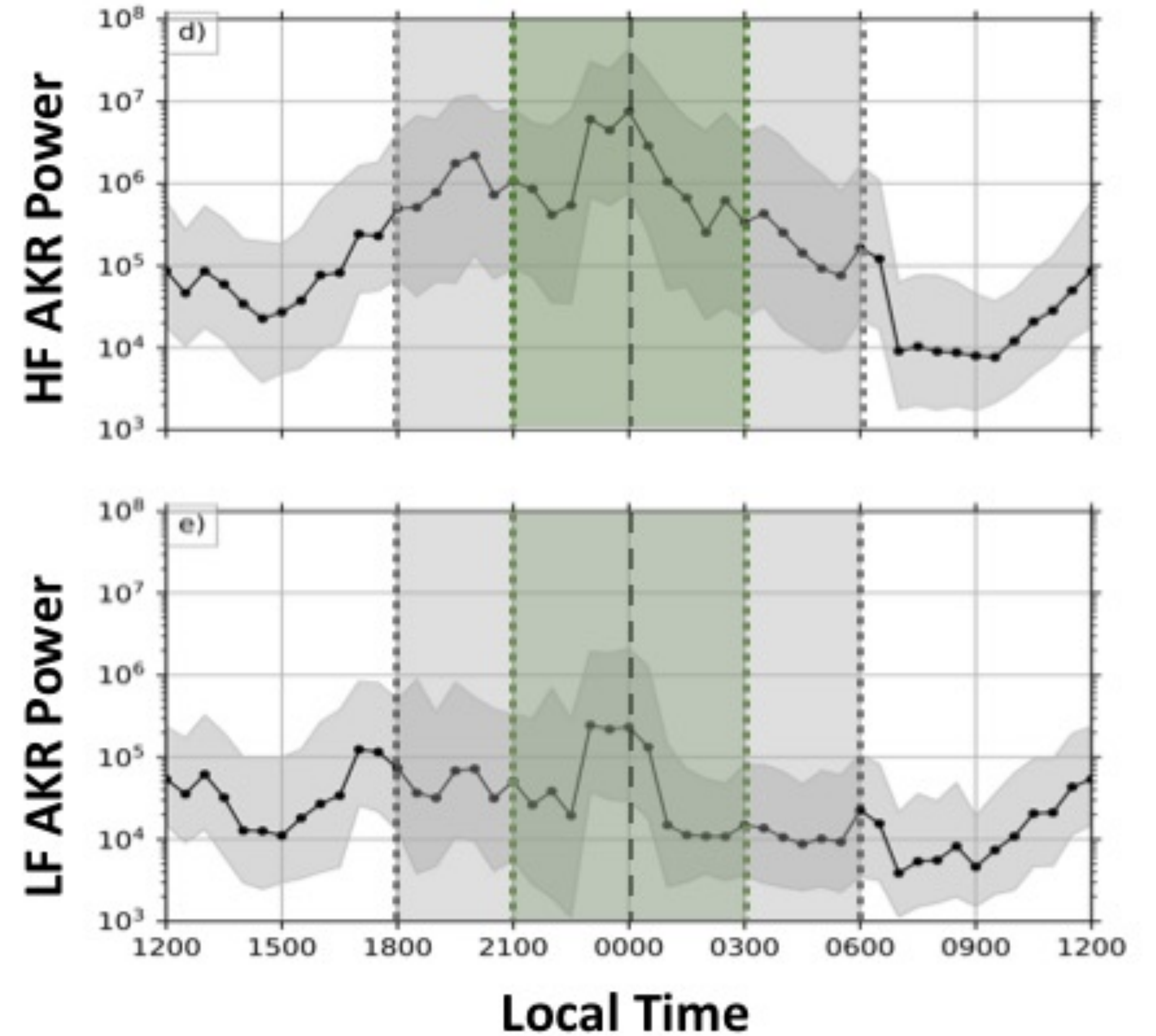


Auroral kilometric radiation - Remote Viewing

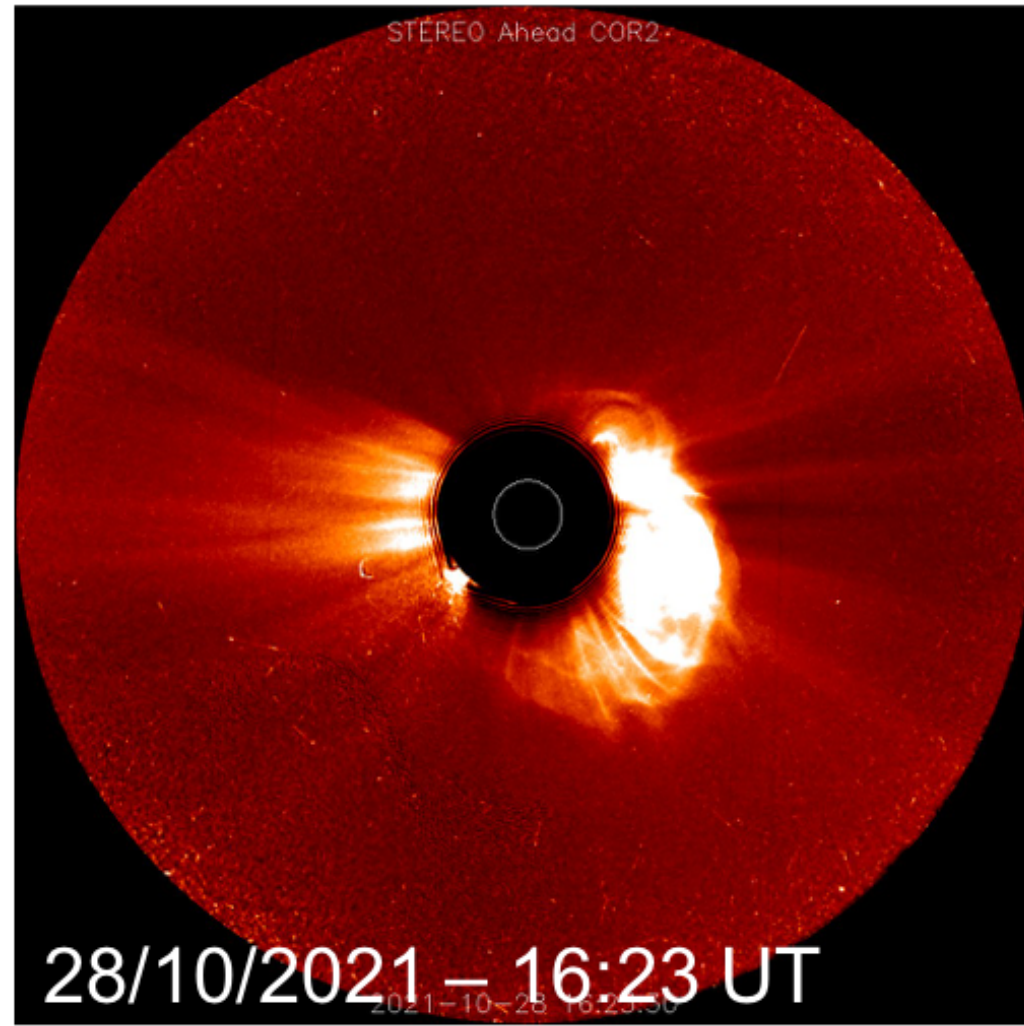


Adapted from Pelton+2015

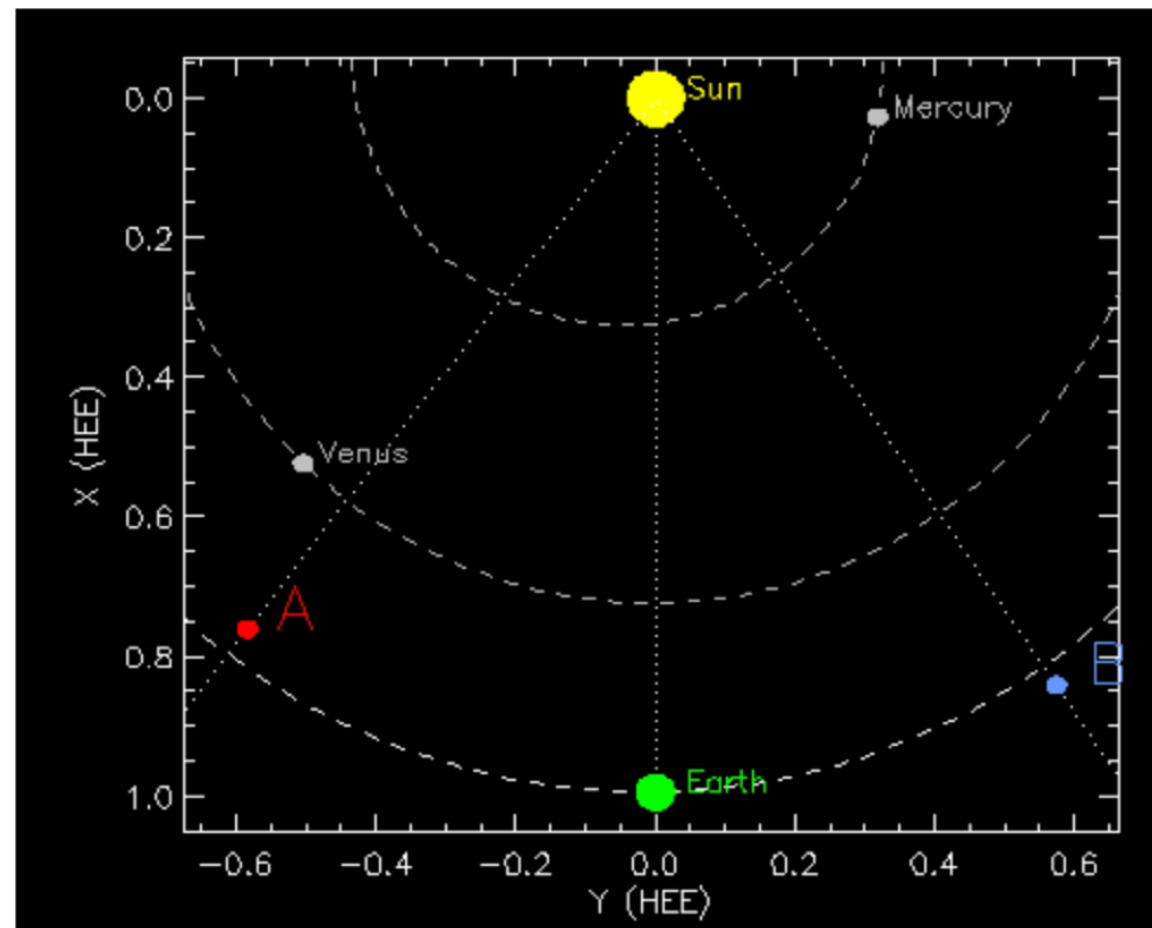
Adapted from Waters+ 2022



Case Study - 28 Oct 2021 Coronal Mass Ejection

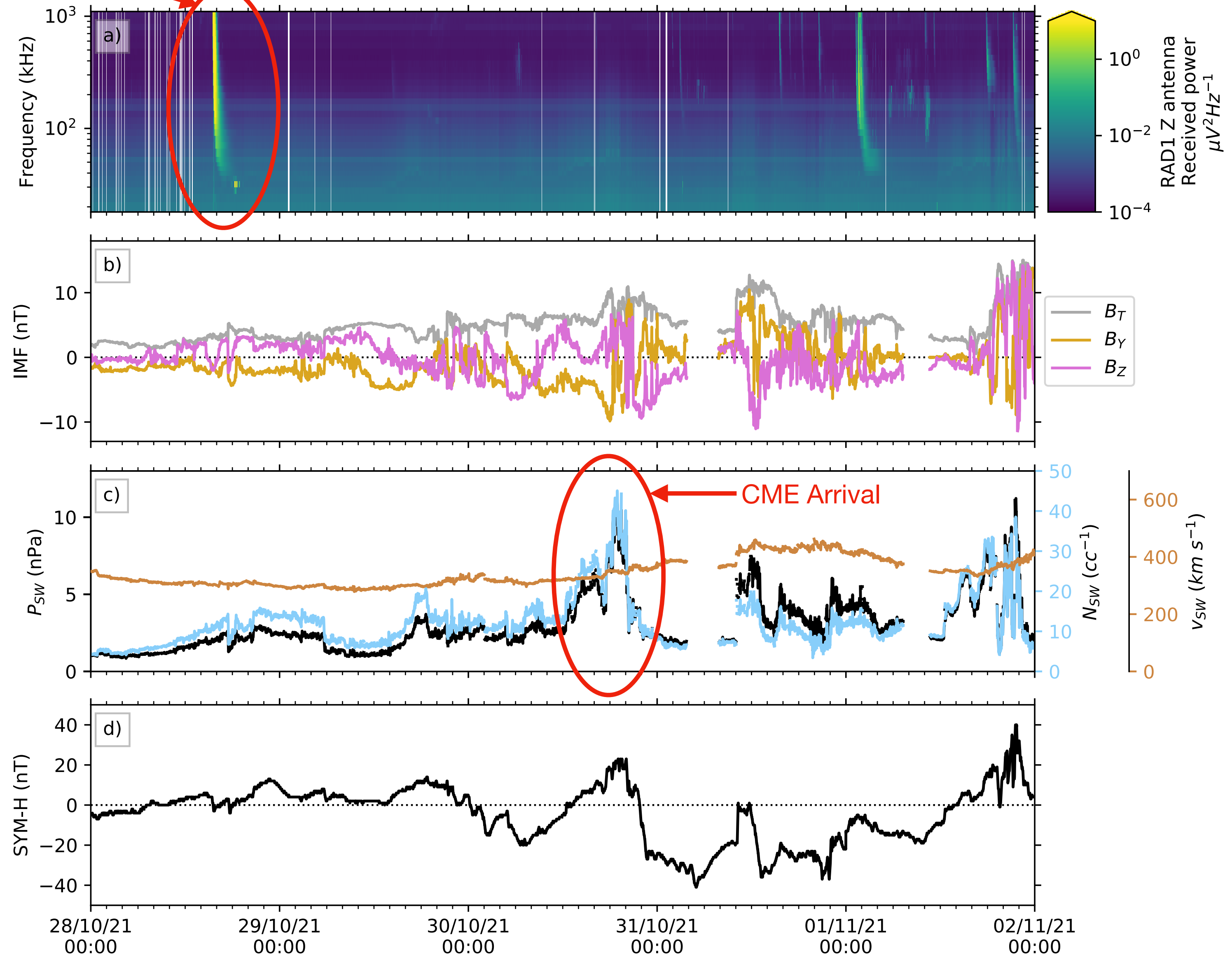


STEREO A – White Light Coronagraph



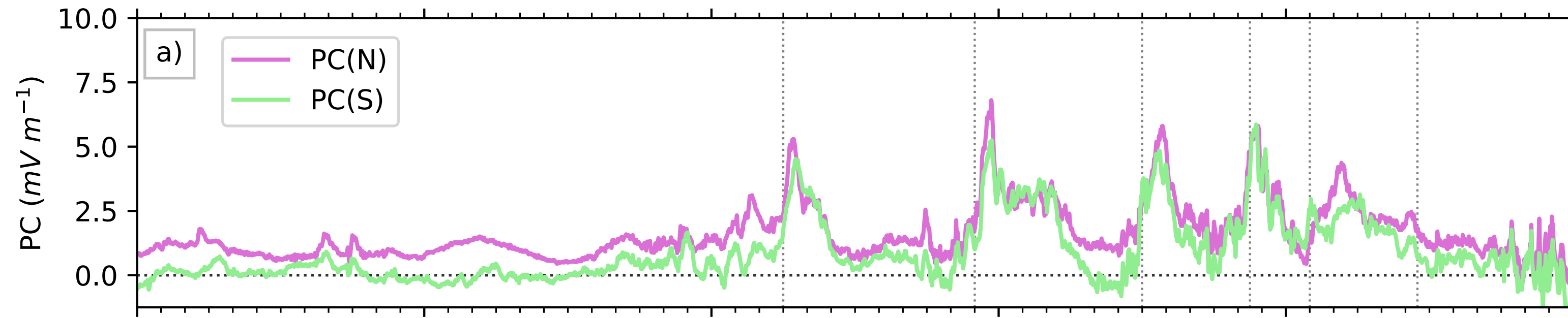
Solar Radio Burst

Waters+ 2023 (accepted)

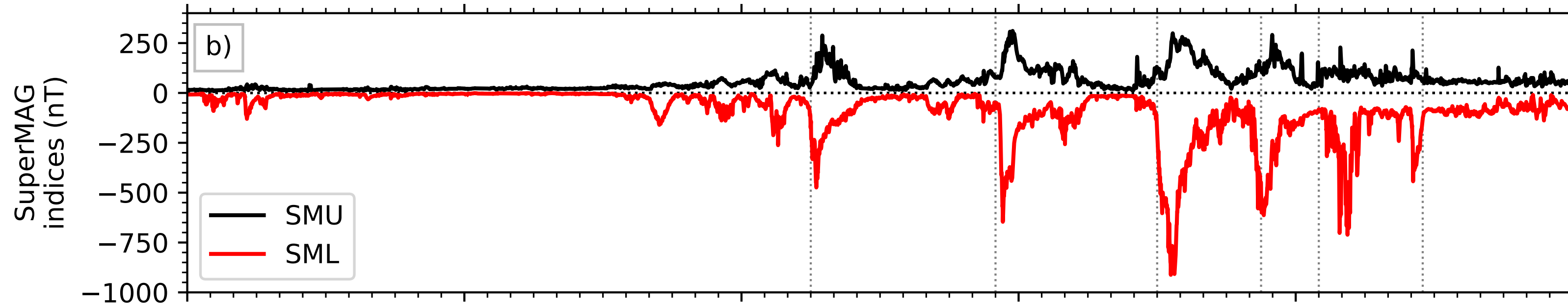


Geomagnetic activity - multiple substorms

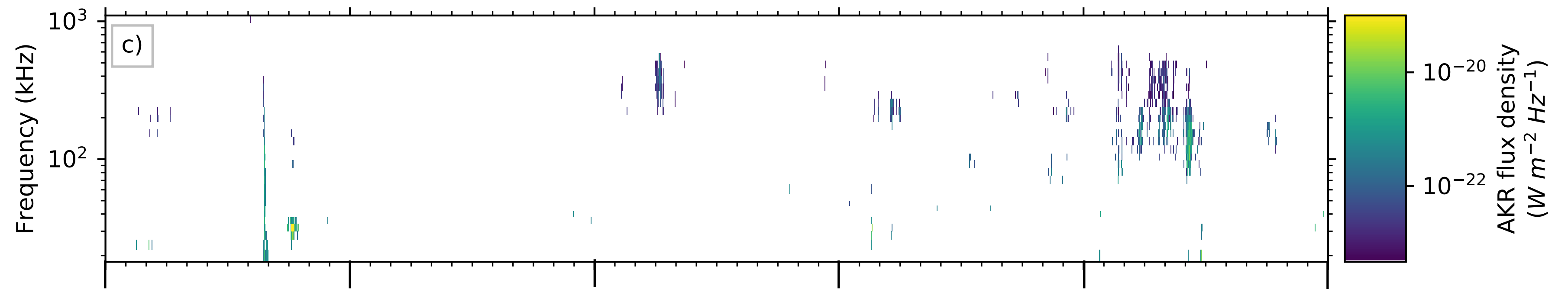
Polar Cap Index



SuperMAG



Wind/WAVES
(AKR)



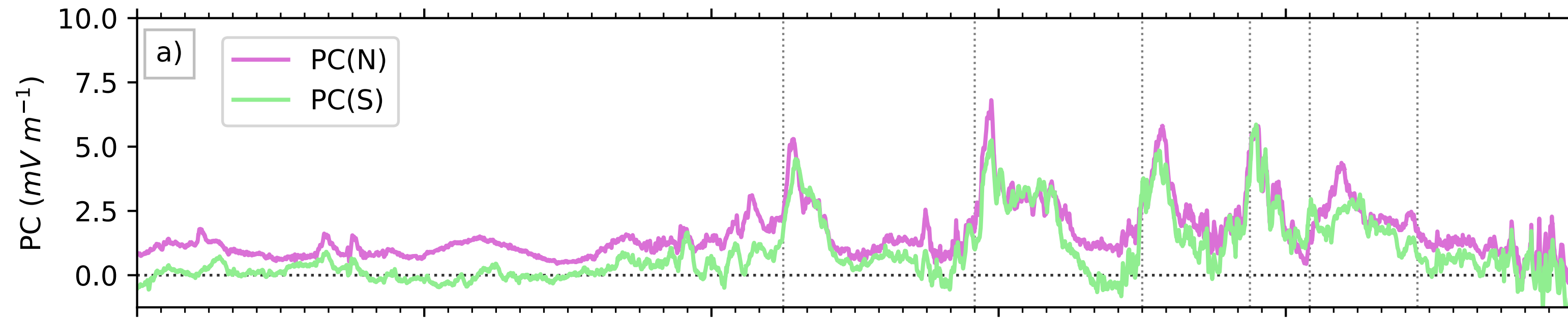
28 Oct 29 30 31 1 Nov 2

(2021)

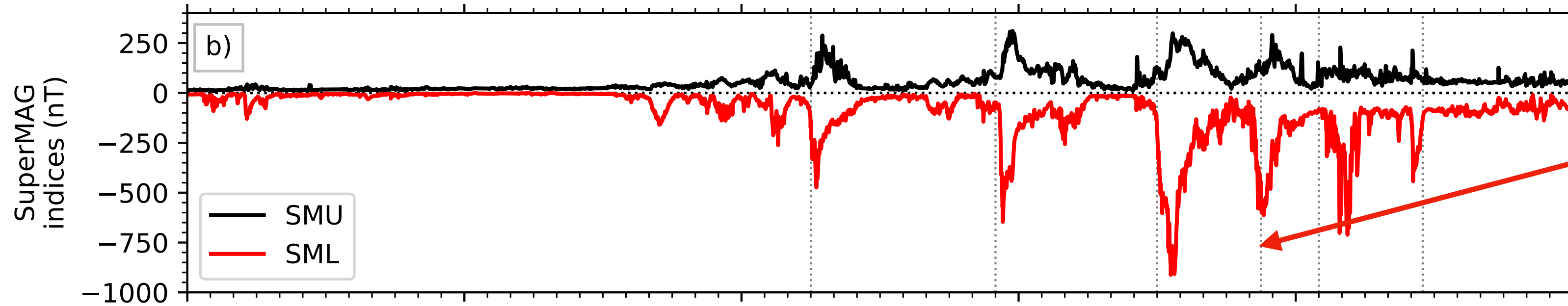
Waters+ 2023 (accepted)

Geomagnetic activity - multiple substorms

Polar Cap Index

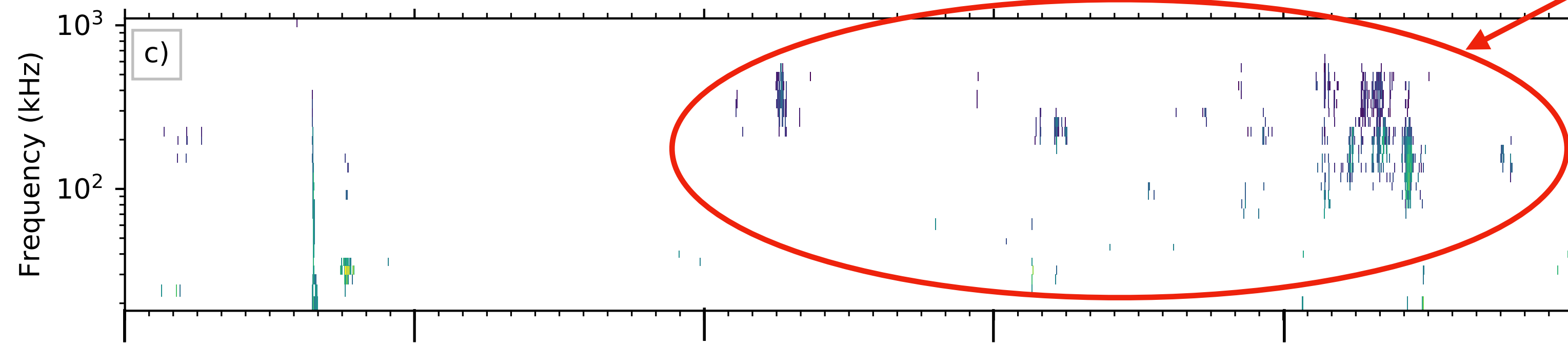


SuperMAG



SOPHIE-defined substorm onsets

Wind/WAVES (AKR)



AKR

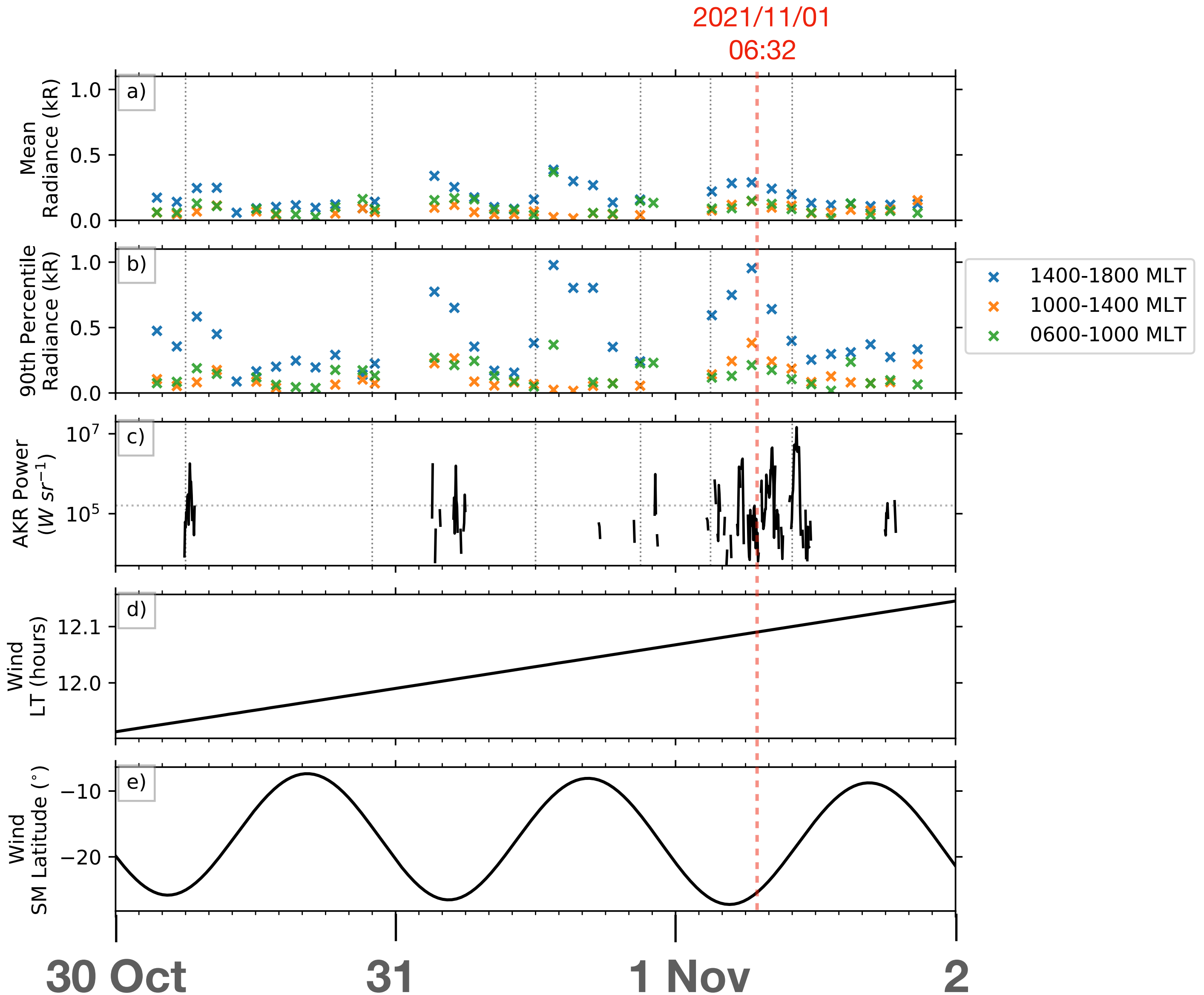
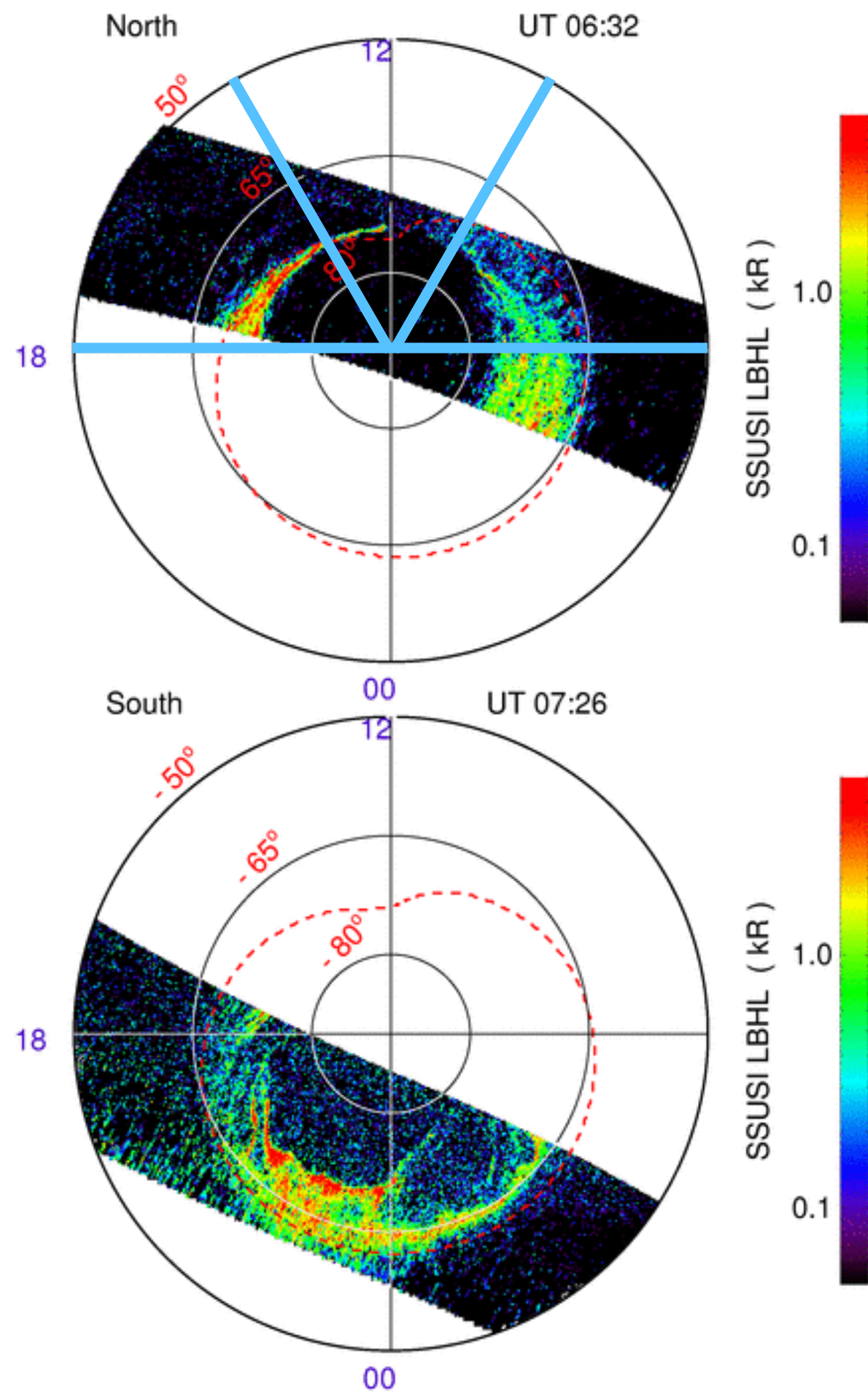
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(2021)

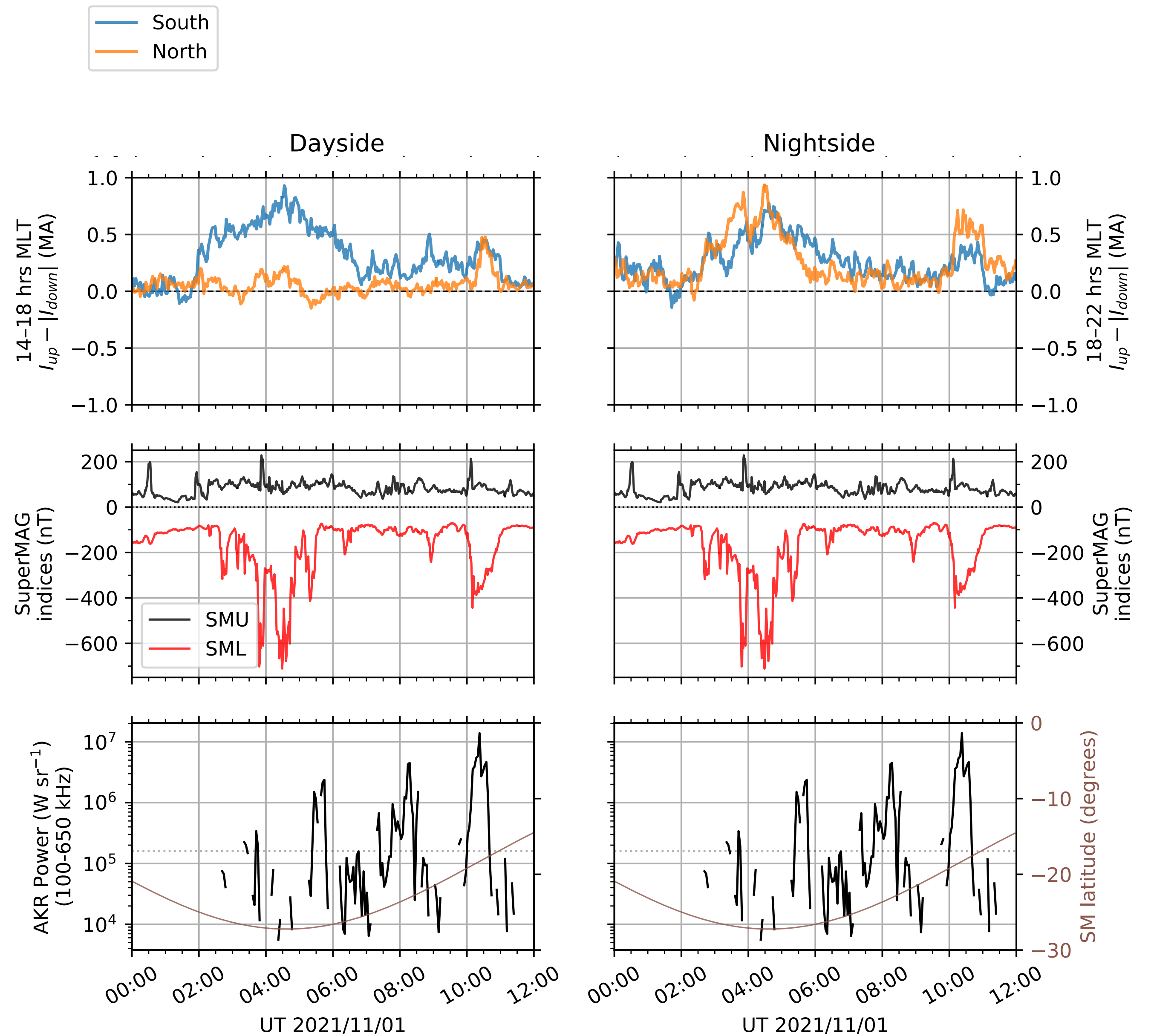
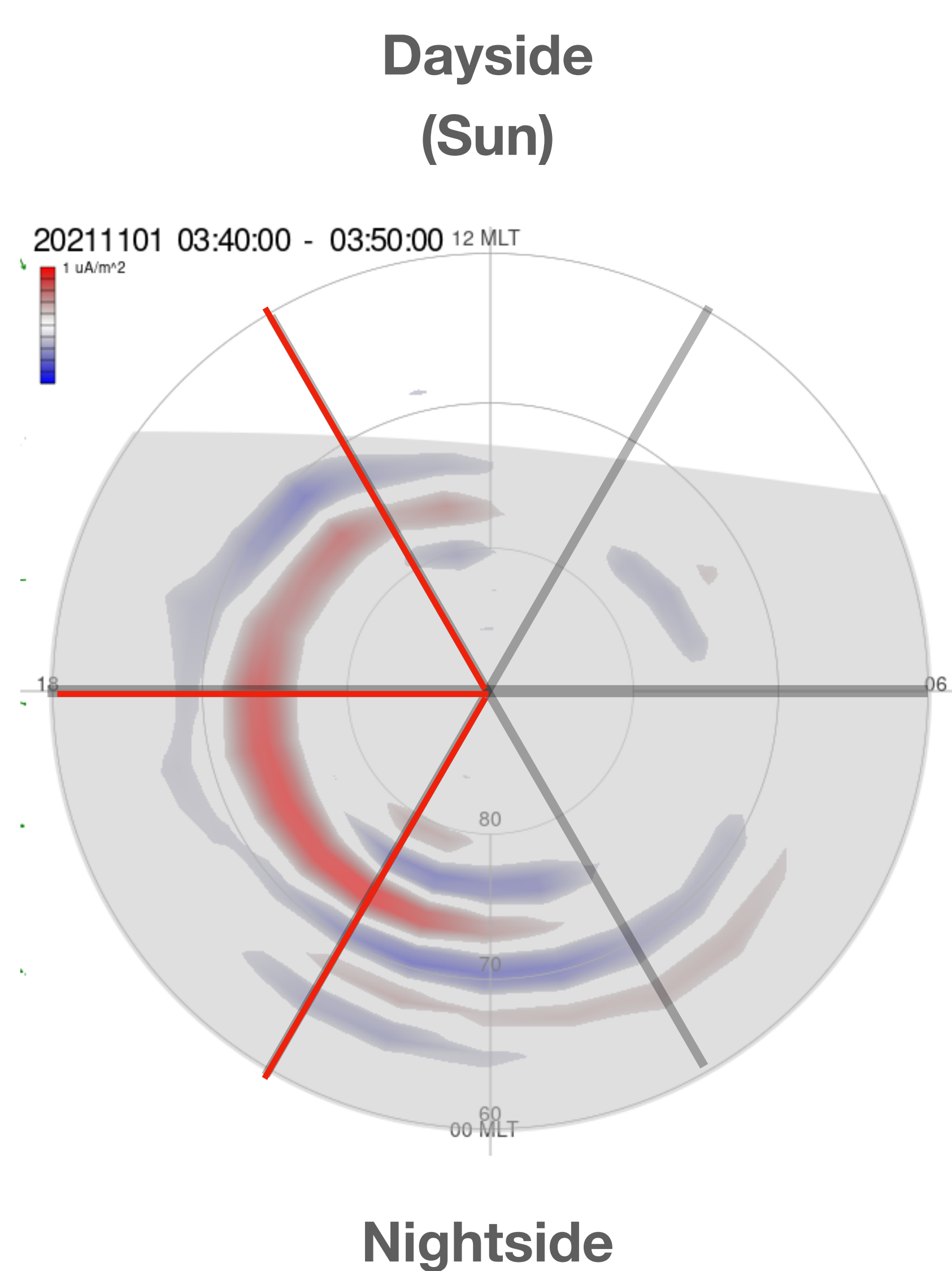
Waters+ 2023 (accepted)

Multipoint Observations: AKR with Wind/WAVES and UV with DMSP/SSUSI

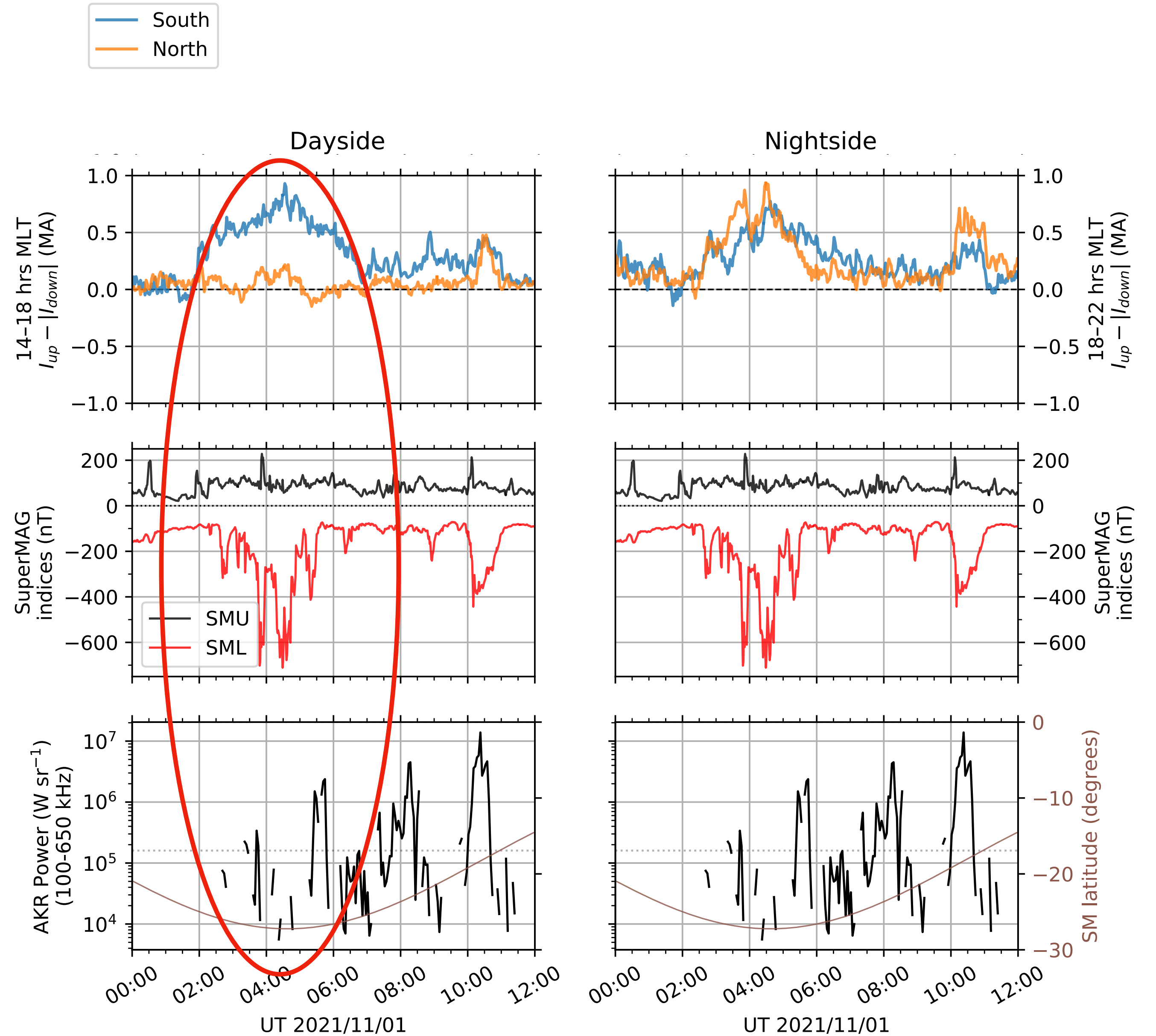
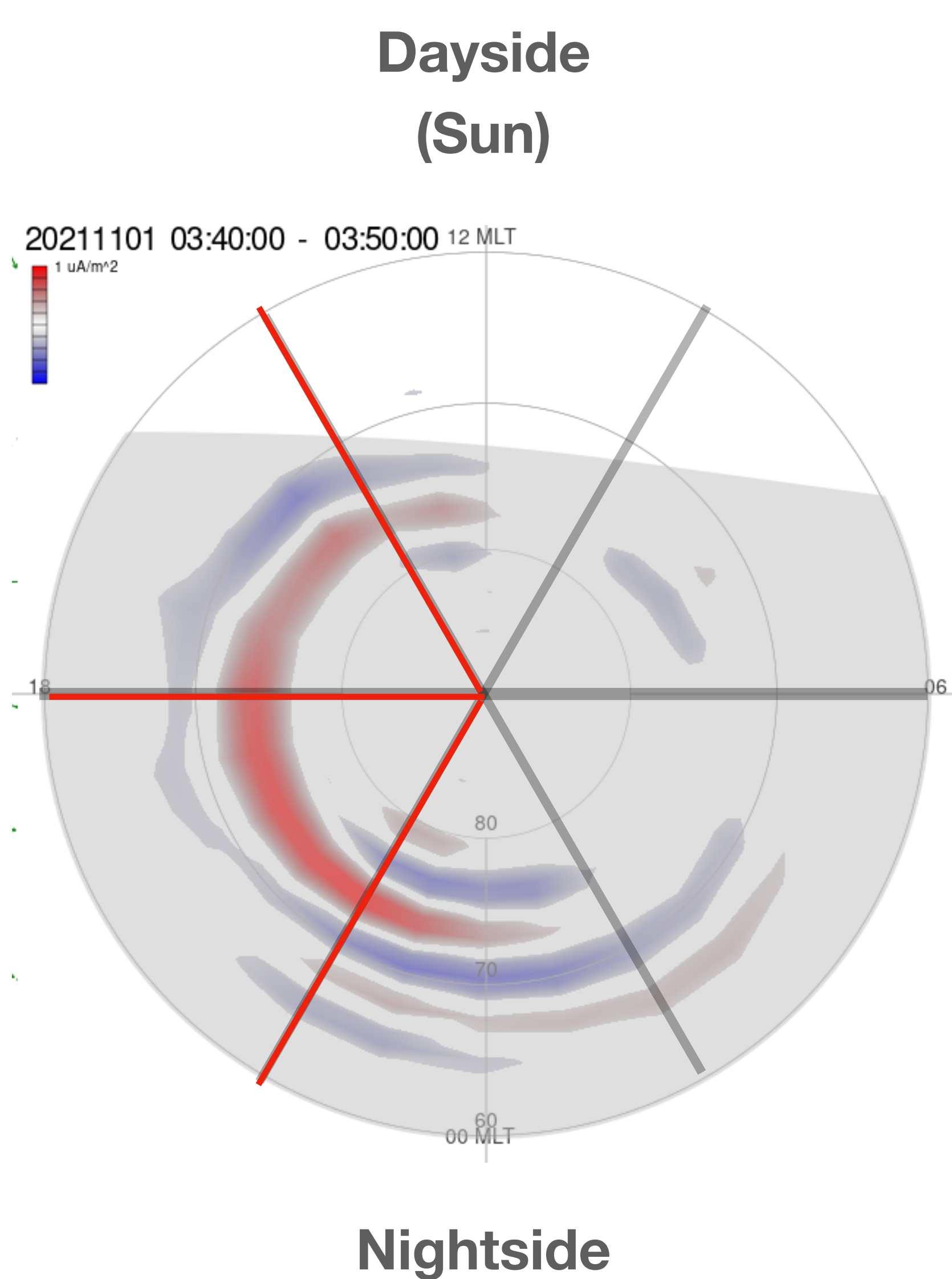
November 1, 2021 DOY:305 Orbit: 62088(DMSPF18)



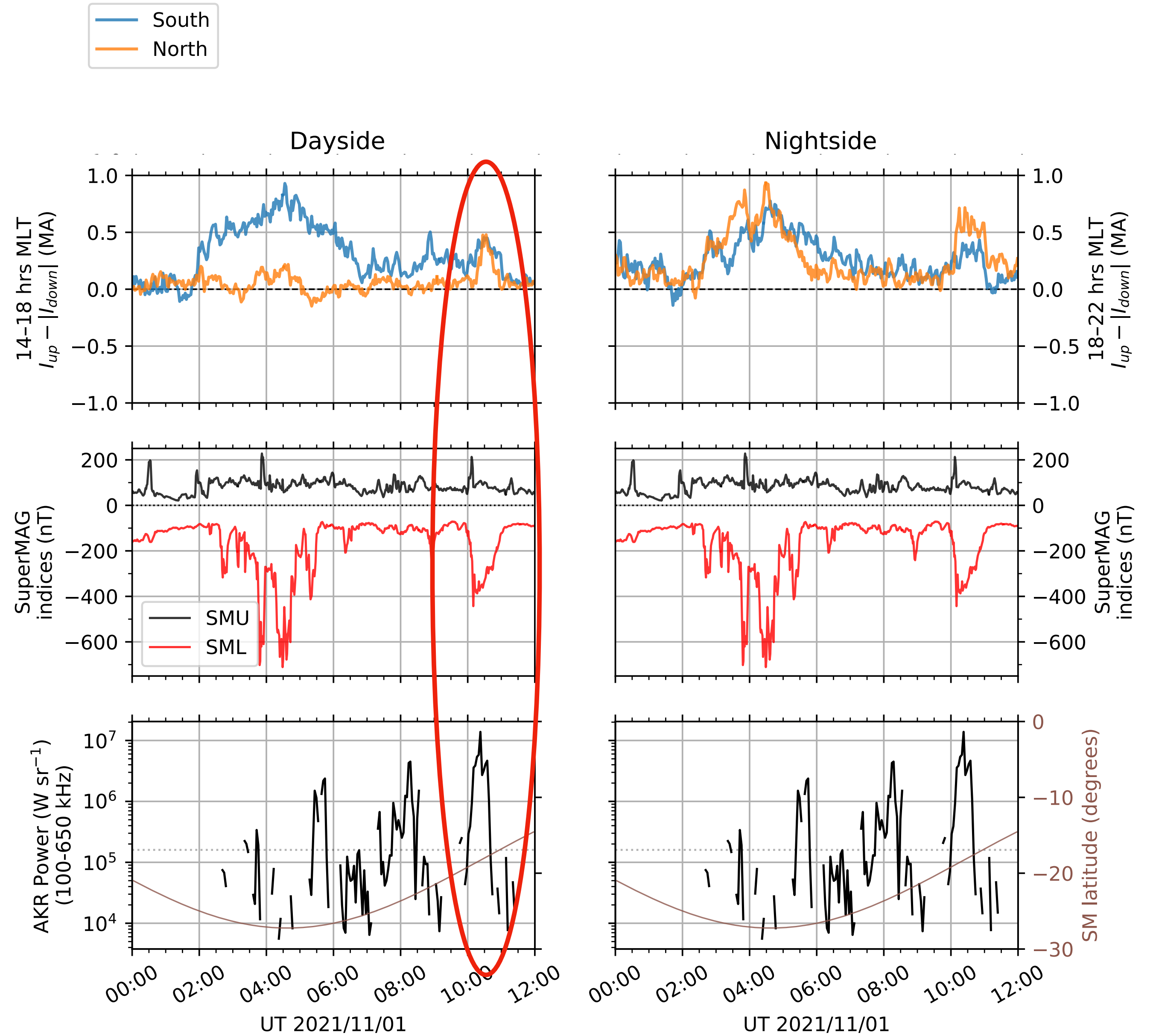
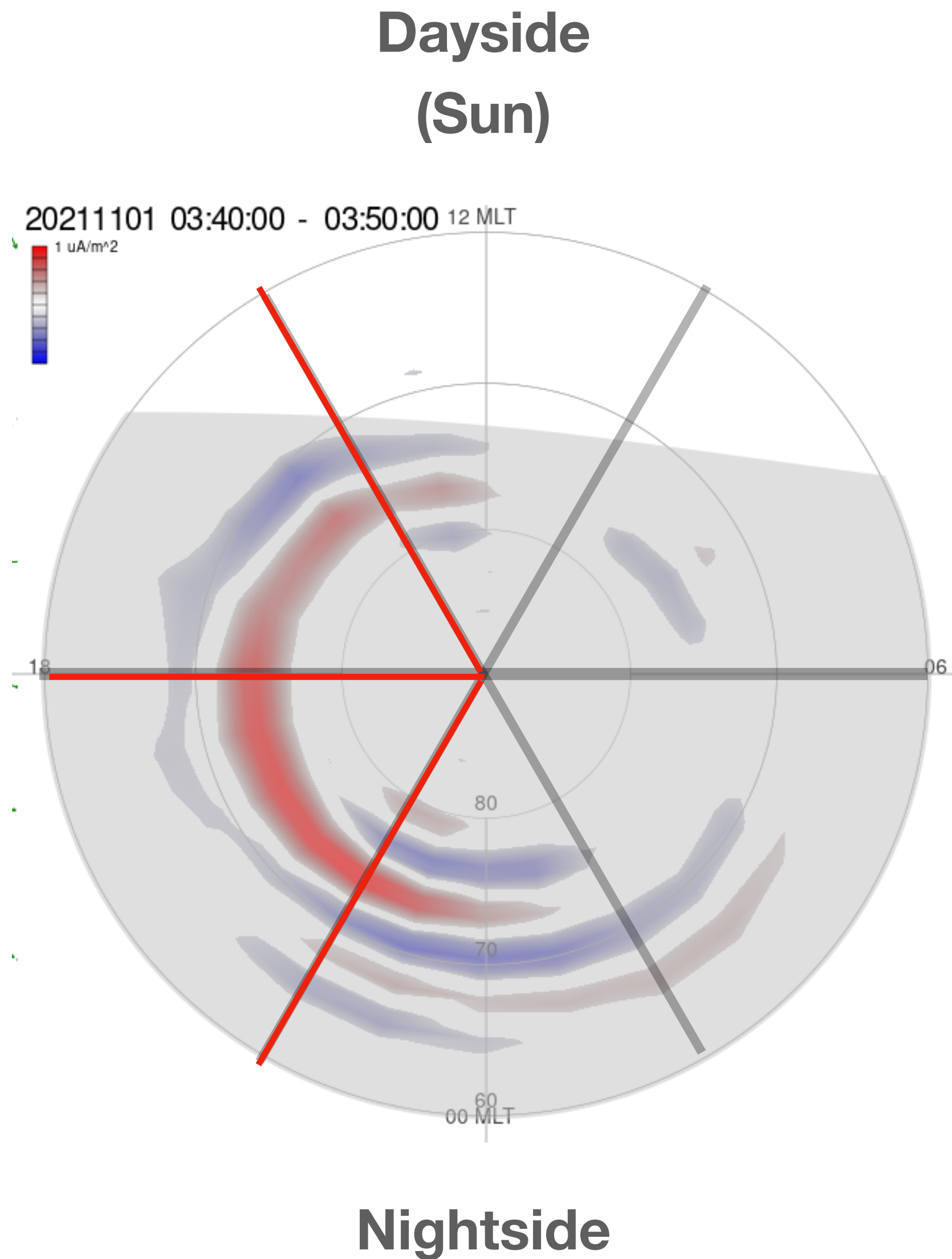
Multipoint Observations: AKR, AMPERE FACs and SML



Multipoint Observations: AKR, AMPERE FACs and SML



Multipoint Observations: AKR, AMPERE FACs and SML



Summary

- AKR provides valuable insight to the development of Earth's auroral acceleration region - particularly the vertical extent
- For this event, bright, discrete aurora from substorm electrojet reaches dusk-side LTs. Associated AKR, observed from L1, highlights dominance of acceleration process when compared with field-aligned currents.
- Alongside existing instruments such as AMPERE and SSUSI, can thus infer spatial distribution of acceleration processes with coincident, remote AKR observations with Wind
- Such multipoint observations useful for constraining the AKR source location
- Potential for quantitative determination of acceleration location with theoretical treatment of beaming, modelling and simultaneous observations as show